



Investor Presentation

August 2023



Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

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Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this presentation that address activities, events or developments that the company expects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future are forward looking statements. The words "anticipates", "plans", "estimates", "believes", "expects", "intends", "will", "should", "may" and similar expressions may be used to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, statements relating to: our ability to execute our business strategies; the volatility of realized natural gas and oil prices; the level of production on our properties; estimates of quantities of natural gas, oil and NGL reserves and their values; general economic or industry conditions; legislation or regulatory requirements; conditions of the securities markets; our ability to raise capital; changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines; financial or political instability; acts of war or terrorism; title defects in the properties in which we invest; and other economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory or technical factors affecting our properties, operations or prices. Although the Company believes the expectations reflected in these and other forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company can give no assurance such statements will prove to be correct. Such forward-looking statements are subject to a number of assumptions, risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the control of the Company. These forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties that could cause the results to differ materially from those expected by the Company's management. Information concerning these risks and other factors can be found in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its Annual Repo

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Use of Non-GAAP Financial Information

This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures. Adjusted EBITDA is a supplemental non-GAAP measure that is used by management and external users of our financial statements, such as industry analysts, investors, lenders and rating agencies. PHX defines "Adjusted EBITDA" as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, excluding unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives and gains (losses) on asset sales and including cash receipts from (payments on) off-market derivatives and restricted stock and deferred directors' expense. PHX references Adjusted EBITDA in this presentation because it recognizes that certain investors consider Adjusted EBITDA a useful means of measuring our ability to meet our debt service obligations and evaluating our financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income, operating income, cash flow from operations or other consolidated income or cash flow data prepared in accordance with GAAP. Because not all companies use identical calculations, the Company's calculations of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Oil and Gas Reserves

The SEC generally permits oil and gas companies, in filings made with the SEC, to disclose proved reserves, which are reserve estimates that geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions, and certain probable and possible reserves that meet the SEC's definitions for such terms. The Company discloses only estimated proved reserves in its filings with the SEC. The Company's estimated proved reserves as of September 30, 2022, referenced in this presentation were prepared by Cawley, Gillespie and Associates, Inc, an independent engineering firm, and comply with definitions promulgated by the SEC. Additional information on the Company's estimated proved reserves is contained in the Company's filings with the SEC.



Overview PHX is a growth oriented mineral rights company focused on natural gas

- In January of 2020, PHX Minerals began a dramatic company transformation:
 - New management / technical team with deep industry experience
 - New minerals only corporate strategy focused on growth
 - Acquire minerals ahead of the drill bit under active operators in the highest quality rock
 - New company name from the former Panhandle Oil & Gas to better align with strategy
- Former Company reserve footprint was scattered and consisted of both mature legacy nonoperated working interest and royalty interest
 - Historically, no catalyst to provide predictable / sustainable volume or reserve growth
- Since 2020, have high graded assets by divesting virtually all of the material non-operated working interest assets and redeploying proceeds and free cash flow into mineral acquisition strategy
 - Predictable line of sight development provides growth catalyst
 - Deep inventory of drillable locations increases annual production volumes and cash flows
- Today, PHX is approximately 87% royalty by production volumes and 78% by proved reserves
- Transformation complete with sustainable model and balance sheet going forward



Company Snapshot

Key Statistics \$ in millions		Sustainable Royalty Production Growth Through Conversion of Existing Mineral Location Inventory
Market Cap ¹	\$115.8	(see page 16)
Enterprise Value ²	\$138.3	Outlook ⁷
Liquidity ³	\$27.5	9,000
Dividend Yield ⁴	2.88%	8,000
Leverage ⁵	0.93x	6,000 CAGR: 20.8%
Cal. 2022 Adjusted EBITDA ⁶	\$26.7	5000
YTD 2023 Adjusted EBITDA ⁶	\$11.8	4,000
Cal. 2022 Discretionary Cash Flow Yield ⁶	~25%	3,000
Cal. 2022 ROCE ⁶	~15%	1,000
Percent of 3P Reserves – Natural Gas ⁹	~75%	0 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023
Net Leased Royalty Acres ⁸	91,920	■ Gas ■ Cil ■ NGL

Source: Company information and Enverus

4 Based on \$0.09 annualized Dividend per share 5 Total Debt / TTM Adjusted EBITDA; See Non-GAAP Reconciliation in Appendix 6 See Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix 7 At mid-point of production outlook (see page 12) 8 As of 06/30/2023; PHX also owns 167,228 unleased net royalty acres normalized to a 1/8th royalty 9 3P Reserves per 6/30/2023 CGA Mid Year Report as of 6/30/2023 at 6/30/2023 SEC price deck of \$82.41 per bbl of oil, \$31.24 per bbl of NGL, \$4.63 per mcf of gas (proved volume weighted average price) MINERALS

² Based on \$3.13 per share as of 07/21/2023 and 37 million shares outstanding on a fully diluted basis as of 06/30/2023 2 Market Cap plus debt of \$23.7 million minus cash on hand of \$1.3 million as of 06/30/2023

³ Calculated as working capital (current assets less current liabilities excluding current derivatives) plus availability on the borrowing base as of 06/30/2023; See Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix 4 Based on \$0.09 annualized Dividend per share

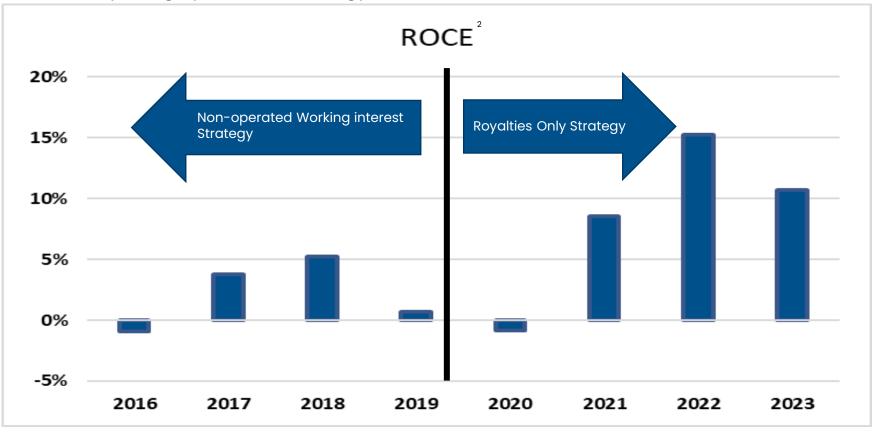
Strategy Execution

Goals Set in early 2020	Achievements Through June 30, 2023
 High Grade Asset Base Grow royalty production (higher margin/lower cost) Improve line of sight development opportunities Exit working interest assets (higher cost/lower margin) Divest unleased non-producing minerals lacking scale and line of sight development 	 Total royalty volume growth since 2020: 150%¹ Mineral acquisitions completed: ~\$114 million Built a 10+ year inventory of line of sight development locations Working interest wellbores sold: ~1,380 Unleased non-producing mineral acres sold: ~24,640
 Build a strong and sustainable balance sheet Improve balance sheet designed to withstand commodity price volatility 	 Reduced leverage: ~2.5x to ~1.00x (Debt / TTM Adjusted EBITDA²) Improved commercial bank lending terms and relationships Enhanced liquidity profile as a result of superior asset performance and more predictable development timing
 Become a consolidator in the mineral space Implement growth strategy that is balanced with appropriate debt management and dividend payout ratio Allocate capital to generate the best possible returns to shareholders 	 Mineral acquisition transactions completed: 66 Focus on smaller acquisition in targeted areas: ~\$1.7 million average (generates higher returns with less competition)
Generate return on capital employed (ROCE)	 Generated ~15% ROCE² in 2022 up from ~0% in 2019 and 2020 Return profile under royalty only strategy driven by new volumes associated with well conversions from acquisitions



Improving Margins Driving Earnings & ROCE

- The two key metrics used by PHX to measure the success of our royalties-only strategy and royalties acquisition program are:
 - Return on Capital Employed (ROCE)¹
 - NAV per share measure (the PV-10 value of our proved and probable reserves)
- Balance sheet management and ample liquidity underpin our strategy in order to thrive across the various pricing cycles of the energy sector

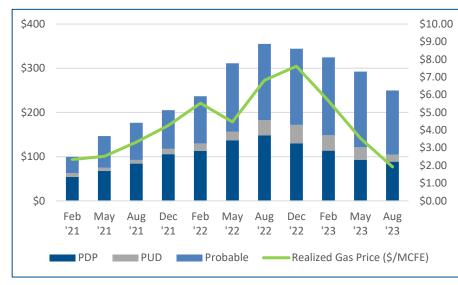




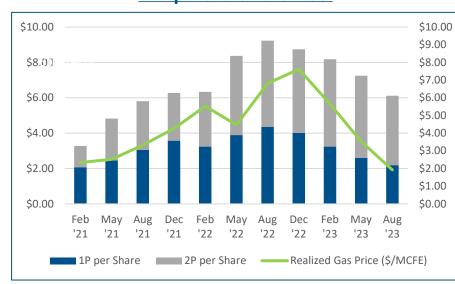
1 Defined as EBIT excluding non-cash gain/loss on derivatives, non-cash impairments, non-cash G&A, cash receipts from/payments on off-market derivatives and gain(losses) on asset sales divided by average debt and equity during the quarter

Per Share NAV Continues to Grow

- Significant improvement in NAV both on an absolute and per share basis (published in every corporate presentation since early 2021) since royalty-only strategy effort began under new management team
- High grading assets with mineral acquisition program, despite divesting of non-operated working interest, has grown PV10 value and increased NAV per share since change in strategy
- Below reserve value independently verified by DeGolyer & MacNaughton (2021) and Cawley, Gillespie and Associates, Inc (2022-2023)
- Current asset base has lower risk and higher growth profile than the PHX pre-2020 legacy asset base



Total 2P Reserve Value @ PV-10 (\$ millions)



NAV per Share Net of Debt

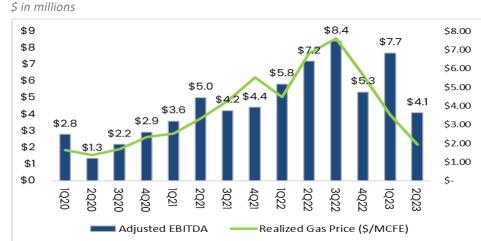
Next Twelve-Month NYMEX strip for oil and natural gas as of date reserves analysis was compiled



Royalty Cash Flow Driving Shareholder Value

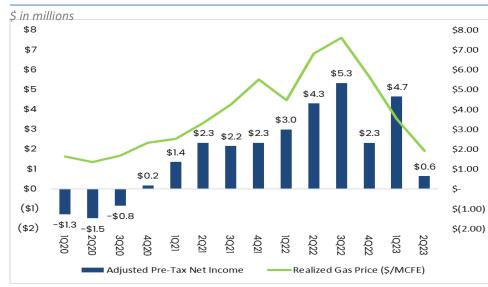


Royalty Production and Realized Natural Gas Price



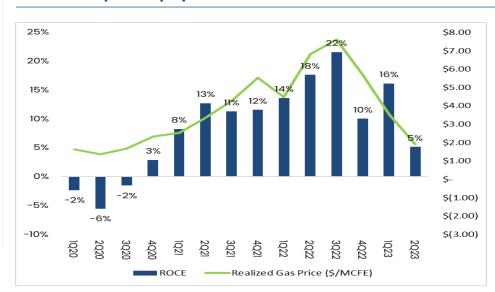
Adjusted Pre-Tax NI²

MINERALS



Return on Capital Employed³

Adjusted EBITDA¹



Source: Company filings ; All quarters are in Calendar Year

1 Calculated as net income excluding non-cash gain/loss on derivatives, income tax expense, interest expense, DD&A, non-cash impairments, non-cash G&A, gain(losses) on asset sales and cash receipts from/payments on off-market derivatives; See Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix

2 Pre-tax net income adjusted to exclude unrealized gain on derivatives, non-cash impairments, cash receipts from/payments on off-market derivatives and gains (losses) on asset sales; See Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix

3 Annualized EBIT excluding non-cash gain/loss on derivatives, non-cash impairments, non-cash G&A, cash receipts from/payments on off-market derivatives and gain(losses) on asset sales divided by average debt and equity during the quarter; See Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix

Stable Balance Sheet & Ample Liquidity

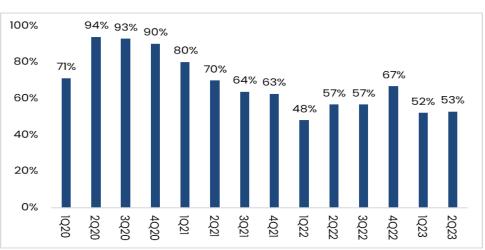


Net Debt¹





Percentage Drawn on Credit Facility Advance Rate







Source: Company filings ; All quarters are in Calendar Year

1 Total debt less cash

2 Total Debt / Adjusted EBITDA; See Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix

3 Calculated as working capital (current assets less current liabilities excluding current derivatives) plus availability on the borrowing base; See Non-GAAP reconciliation in Appendix



Strong Per Unit Metrics Driven by Royalty Only Strategy

Generated positive free cash flow despite historically low natural gas pricing during the 2nd calendar quarter 2023

	Quarter Ended									
	6	/30/2022	ę	9/30/2022	1	2/31/2022	(3/31/2023	6	/30/2023
Gross wells converted to production		96		49		60		117		81
Net wells converted to production		0.25		0.22		0.26		0.46		0.30
Natural gas sold (Mcf)		1,897,799		2,047,614		1,669,320		1,959,010		1,854,485
Oil sold (Bbls)		48,928		49,902		52,406		54,107		41,009
NGL sold (Bbls)		39,732		40,761		38,611		33,104		33,929
Total production sold (Mcfe)		2,429,760		2,591,588		2,215,419		2,482,276		2,304,113
Royalty production sold (Mcfe)		1,595,323		1,841,502		1,628,089		2,093,722		2,010,036
Gas Mcf sold - realized price before hedge settlements	\$	6.82	\$	7.61	\$	5.66	\$	3.53	\$	1.92
Oil Bbls sold - realized price before hedge settlements	\$	105.23	\$	94.07	\$	82.52	\$	76.01	\$	73.87
NGL Bbls sold - realized price before hedge settlements ²	\$	36.76	\$	37.89	\$	28.77	\$	25.18	\$	18.93
Gas Mcf sold - realized price after hedge settlements ¹	\$	4.32	\$	5.08	\$	4.02	\$	3.83	\$	2.49
Oil Bbls sold - realized price after hedge settlements ¹	\$	60.18	\$	57.80	\$	62.03	\$	69.90	\$	73.80
Total Mcfe sold - realized price before hedge settlements	\$	8.05	\$	8.42	\$	6.72	\$	4.78	\$	3.14
Total Mcfe sold - realized price after hedge settlements ¹	\$	5.19	\$	5.72	\$	5.00	\$	4.88	\$	3.59
Total cash expenses per Mcfe ⁴	\$	2.31	\$	2.49	\$	2.60	\$	1.89	\$	1.87
Net Income per Mcfe	\$	3.53	\$	3.53	\$	1.51	\$	3.85	\$	(0.02)
Adjusted EBITDA margin per Mcfe - before hedge settlements ³	\$	5.74	\$	5.93	\$	4.12	\$	2.89	\$	1.27
Adjusted EBITDA margin per Mcfe - after hedge settlements ^{1,3}	\$	2.87	\$	3.23	\$	2.39	\$	2.99	\$	1.73
Interest expense per Mcfe	\$	0.12	\$	0.18	\$	0.29	\$	0.22	\$	0.23
Discretionary cash flow margin per Mcfe - before hedge settlements ³	\$	5.62	\$	5.75	\$	3.83	\$	2.67	\$	1.04
Discretionary cash flow margin per Mcfe - after hedge settlements ^{1,3}	\$	2.75	\$	3.05	\$	2.10	\$	2.77	\$	1.50



Strong Margins Driven by Royalty Only Strategy

Generated positive free cash flow despite historically low natural gas pricing during the 2nd calendar quarter 2023

				Qua	rter Ended			
	(6/30/2022	9/30/2022	12	/31/2022	;	3/31/2023	6/30/2023
Royalty interest sales	\$	12,473,416	\$ 15,411,544	\$ 1	0,571,704	\$	10,123,741	\$ 6,217,663
Working interest sales		7,088,152	6,416,490		4,316,970		1,733,506	1,013,501
Total natural gas, oil and NGL sales	\$	19,561,568	\$ 21,828,034	\$ 1	4,888,674	\$	11,857,247	\$ 7,231,164
Cash received (paid) on settled derivative contracts ^{1,2}		(6,954,171)	(6,995,513)	(3,821,500)		256,676	1,048,941
Lease bonuses and rentals		209,329	17,350		34,482		313,150	111,991
Total revenue	\$	12,816,726	\$ 14,849,871	\$ 1	1,101,656	\$	12,427,073	\$ 8,392,096
Lease operating expenses		900,807	961,148		1,015,981		545,767	314,150
Transportation, gathering & marketing		1,430,136	1,758,132		1,455,260		1,128,756	906,373
Production taxes		925,197	929,330		617,948		581,433	461,893
Cash general and administrative ²		2,303,281	2,745,980		2,568,317		2,347,322	2,473,436
Other expense		63,203	59,316		110,134		83,555	149,537
Total cash expenses	\$	5,622,624	\$ 6,453,906	\$	5,767,640	\$	4,686,833	\$ 4,305,389
Adjusted EBITDA ²	\$	7,194,102	\$ 8,395,965	\$	5,334,016	\$	7,740,240	\$ 4,086,707
Interest Expense		286,345	471,716		637,698		557,473	524,294
Discretionary cash flow ²	\$	6,907,757	\$ 7,924,249	\$	4,696,318	\$	7,182,767	\$ 3,562,413



PHX Operational Outlook

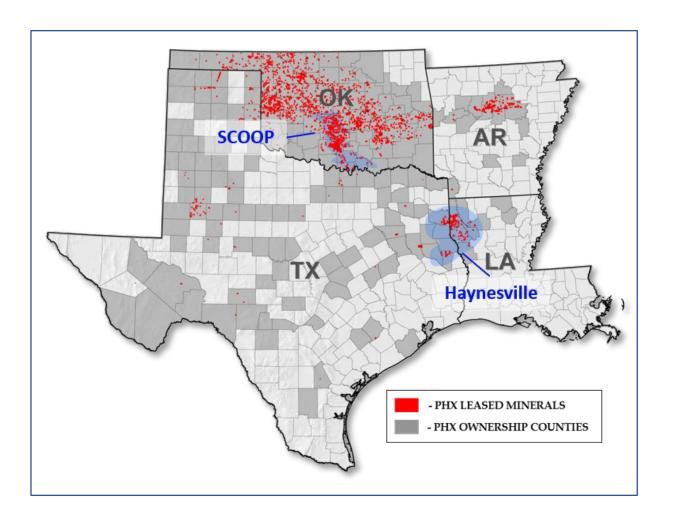
- Calendar 2023 production derived from wells already on production and wells currently being drilled/completed by operators
- Royalty volume growth derived from mineral acquisitions of high-quality undrilled location inventory in the core of our focus areas under active operators

	Cal. Year 2022 Actual	Cal. 2023 YTD Actual	Cal. Year 2023 Outlook
Mineral & Royalty Production (Mmcfe)	6,613	4,104	7,600 – 8,600
Working Interest Production (Mmcfe)	3,084	683	1,200 – 1,400 ¹
Total Production (Mmcfe)	9,697	4,787	8,800 – 10,000
Percentage Natural Gas	78%	80%	78% - 83%
Transportation, Gathering & Marketing (per mcfe)	\$0.63	\$0.43	\$0.45 - \$0.50
Production Tax (as % of pre-hedge sales)	4.50%	5.50%	5.50% - 6.00%
LOE Expenses (on an absolute basis in 000's)	\$3,807	\$860	\$1,200 - \$1,400
Cash G&A (per mcfe)²	\$1.01	\$1.01	\$1.00 - \$1.06



Focused in SCOOP and Haynesville











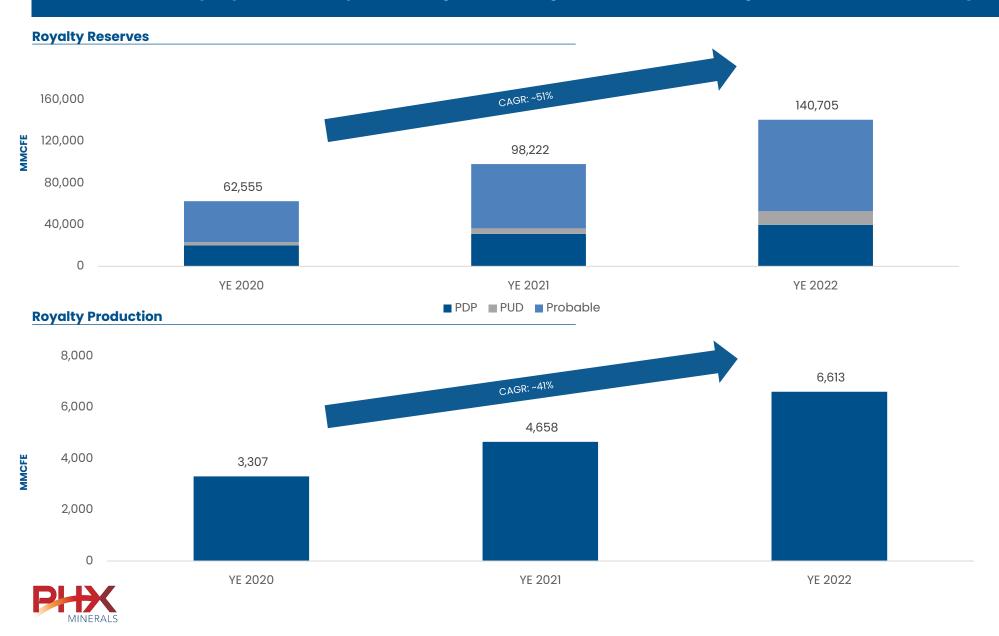






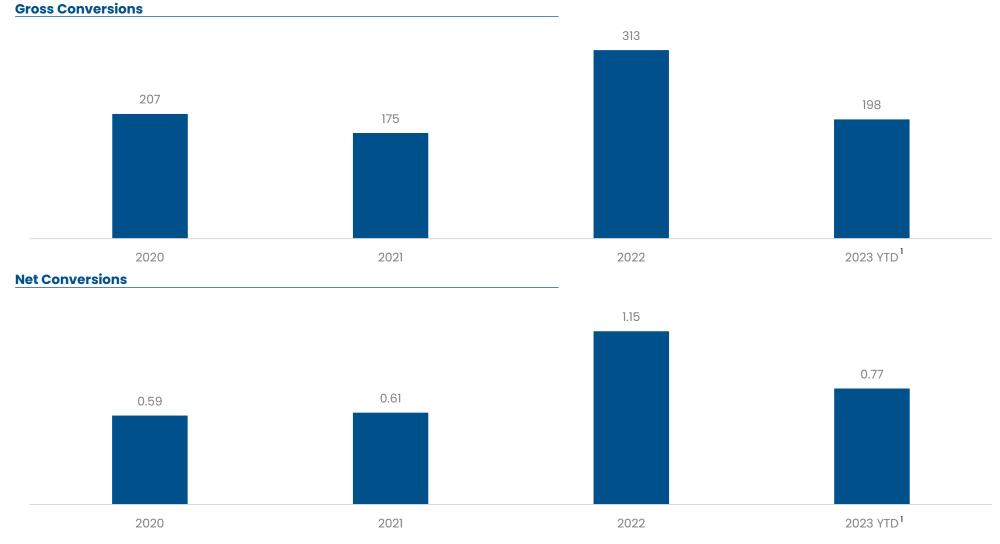
Royalty Reserve Growth

Sustainable royalty reserve and production growth through conversion of existing mineral location inventory



Yearly Conversions To Producing Wells

Strong drilling activity on our mineral assets provides sustainable annual royalty production growth

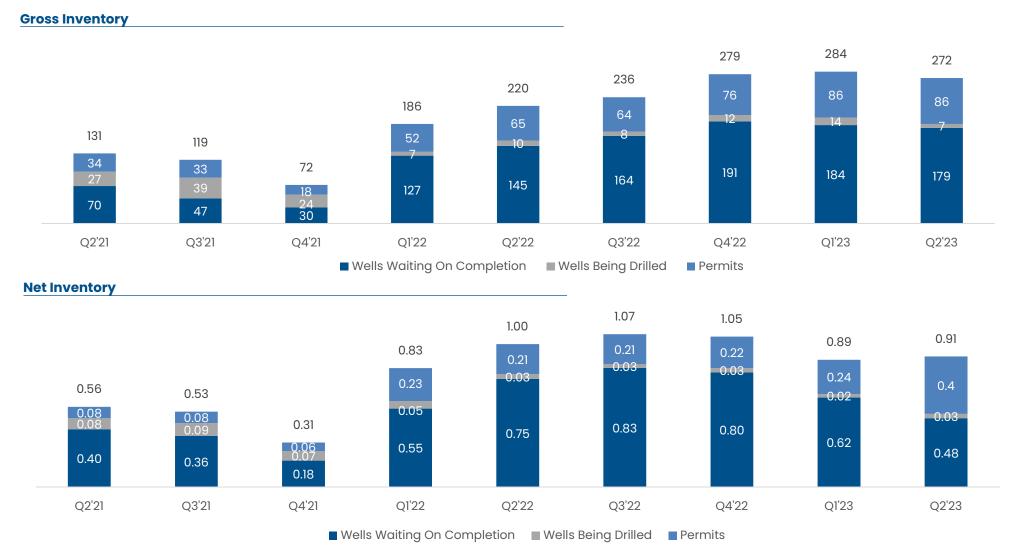




1 As of 06/30/2023

Quarterly Near-Term Drilling Inventory

Continuous conversion of undrilled location inventory will drive future royalty volume growth



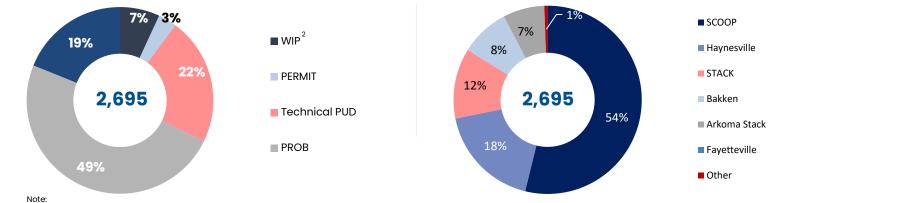


Royalty Interest Inventory by Basin

Continuous conversion of undrilled location inventory will drive future royalty volume growth

	Gross			Undeveloped Locations ¹								
Sub-region	PDP Wells ¹	Net PDP Wells ¹	Gross Wells In Progress ²	Net Wells in Progress ³	Gross Permits	Net Permits ³	Gross Technical PUDs ⁴	Net Technical PUDs ^{3,4,5}	Gross PROB	Net PROB ^{3,5}	Gross POSS	Net POSS ^{3,5}
SCOOP	1,028	4.28	68	0.17	30	0.12	213	0.70	786	2.18	354	1.25
Haynesville	468	2.74	84	0.28	21	0.16	245	0.84	131	0.53	3	0.00
STACK	392	1.71	12	0.03	11	0.05	71	0.39	172	1.06	60	0.58
Bakken	611	1.79	8	0.00	13	0.05	65	0.24	132	0.83	9	0.15
Arkoma Stack	529	4.76	5	0.00	5	0.00	2	0	97	1.74	83	0.92
Fayetteville	1,073	6.45	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	2,010	16.74	9	0.03	6	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6,111	38.47	186	0.51	86	0.40	596	2.18	1,318	6.35	509	2.90

Gross Undeveloped Locations





1 As of 06/30/2023

2 Wells in Progress includes wells currently being drilled and wells waiting on completion

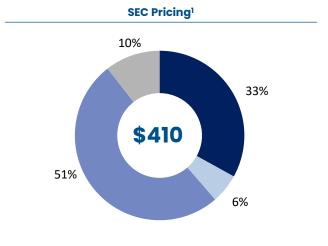
3 Net interest on wells are internal estimates and subject to confirmation from operator

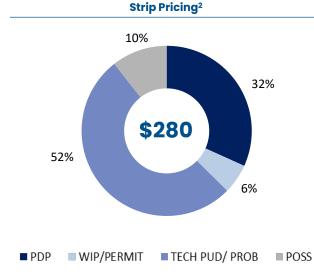
4 Technical PUDs, reviewed and approved by Cawley, Gillespie and Associates, Inc., share all technical merits of PUDs but development timing is uncertain. PHX Technical PUDs are most likely PUDs in their respective operator's reserve report.

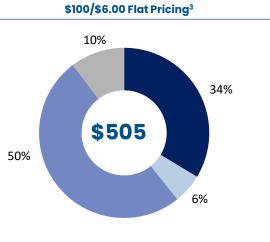
5 Technical PUDs, PROB, and POSS net wells assume 10,000 ft. laterals

Reserves Value Summary

Reserve Category	PV-10 Value (\$mm)									
Reserve Calegory	SEC ¹	Strip ²	\$100 / \$6.00 ³							
PDP	\$135.3	\$88.7	\$170.0							
Drilling or Waiting on Completion	\$12.8	\$8.7	\$15.8							
Permits	\$10.2	\$7.1	\$12.6							
Total Proved Reserves	\$158.2	\$104.6	\$198.4							
Technical PUDs ⁴	\$72.5	\$51.3	\$89.0							
PROB ⁵	\$135.7	\$94.1	\$165.8							
POSS ⁵	\$43.1	\$29.5	\$52.2							
Total 3P Reserves	\$409.5	\$279.5	\$505.4							
Proved PV-10 Per Share ⁶	\$3.64	\$2.19	\$4.72							
2P PV-10 Per Share ⁶	\$9.26	\$6.12	\$11.61							
3P PV-10 Per Share ⁶	\$10.42	\$6.91	\$13.02							







1 3P Reserves per 6/30/2023 CGA Mid Year Report as of 6/30/2023 at 6/30/2023 SEC price deck of \$82.41 per bbl of oil, \$31.24 per bbl of NGL, \$4.63 per mcf of gas (proved volume weighted average price) 2 3P Reserves per 6/30/2023 CGA Mid Year Report as of 6/30/2023 at 6/30/2023 STRIP price of WTI/HH 2023: \$70.62/\$3.05, 2024: \$68.84/\$3.52, 2025: \$65.83/\$3.94, 2026: \$63.30/\$3.91, 2027: \$61.06/\$3.78, 2028: \$59.04/\$3.67, 2029: \$57.16/\$3.66, 2030: \$55.31/\$3.66, 2031: \$53.46/\$3.68, 2032: \$51.96/\$3.73, 2033: \$50.62/\$3.84, 2034: \$50.01/\$4.00, 2035+: \$50.01/\$4.20.

3 3P Reserves per 6/30/2023 CGA Mid Year Report as of 6/30/2023 at flat price deck of \$100.00 WTI /\$6.00 HH

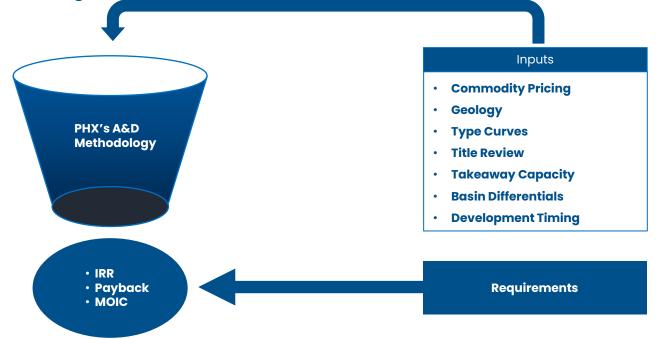


4 Technical PUDs, reviewed and approved by Cawley, Gillespie and Associates, Inc., share all technical merits of PUDs but development timing is uncertain. PHX Technical PUDs may be PUDs in their respective operator's reserve report.

5 Scheduled out approximately 10 years for PROB and 15 years for POSS 6 PV-10 less net debt of \$23.8 MM as of 6/30/2023 divided by total shares outstanding as of 6/30/2023

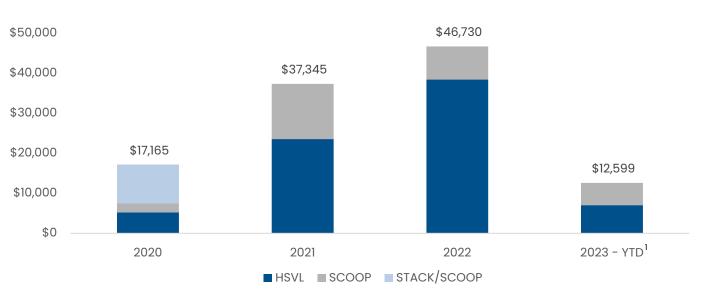
Robust Acquisition Process

- PHX believes that being the aggregator of choice in our core areas is a key component of our strategy
 - Royalties, just like any other hydrocarbon asset class, are naturally depleting assets and reinvestment is required to maintain and grow cash flows over time
 - We target minerals in our core areas (SCOOP and Haynesville) with full analysis of geology and established type curves in order to minimize execution risk
 - Typical profile of acquisitions includes an already producing component as well as royalties that are either in the process of being developed (WIPs) or will be developed over time (locations) by reputable and creditworthy operators to minimize timing risk
 - Focused on active operators in order to minimize development timing risk
 - Our acquisition program targets returns well in excess of our cost of capital (see ROCE) to drive increasing shareholder value





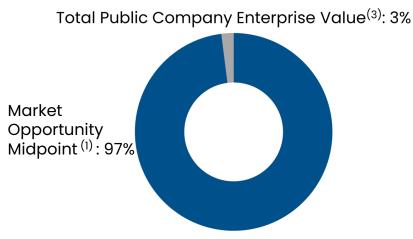
Acquisition Summary



Acquisitions by Basin by Year

Positioned For Growth Through Acquisitions

- Total domestic US mineral market estimated at ~\$0.5 1 trillion⁽²⁾
 - Highly fragmented
 - Predominantly owned by private individuals
 - PHX well positioned to be one of the premier consolidators in our core areas
 - Focus on smaller deals increases opportunity set and potential returns





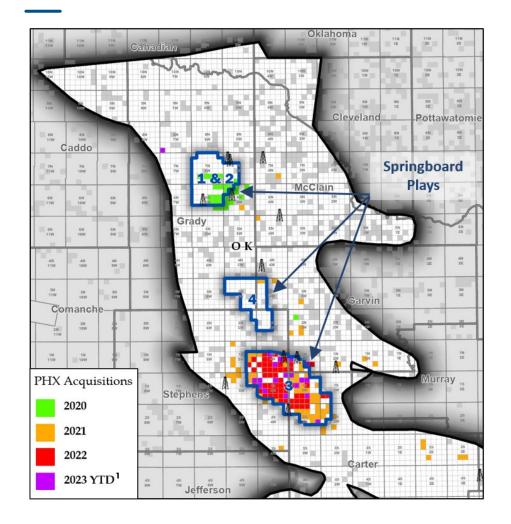
1 As of 06/30/2023 2 Midpoint of market size estimate range. Based on production data from EIA and spot price as of 03/31/2021. Assumes 20% of royalties are on Federal lands and there is an average royalty burden of 18.75%. Assumes a 10x multiple on cash flows to derive total market size. Excludes NGL value and overriding royalty interests 3 Enterprise values of PHX, DMCP, KRP, BSM, STR and VNOM as of 03/31/2023

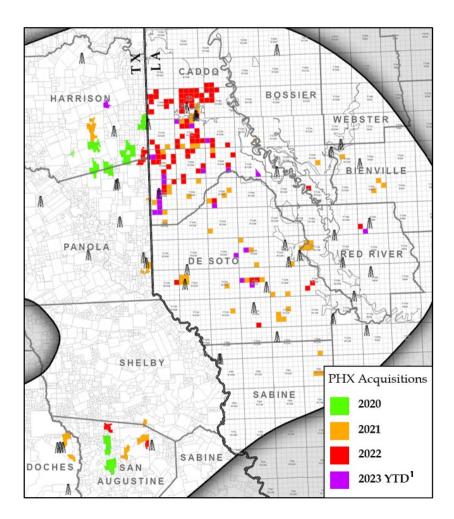
rock in the SCOOP and Haynesville plays

• Focused on highest quality

- Targeting a mix of production, near term development opportunities via wells in progress and additional upside potential under high quality operators
- \$29.9M in acquisitions in SCOOP and \$74.3M in Haynesville since Q1 of 2020

Acquisition History



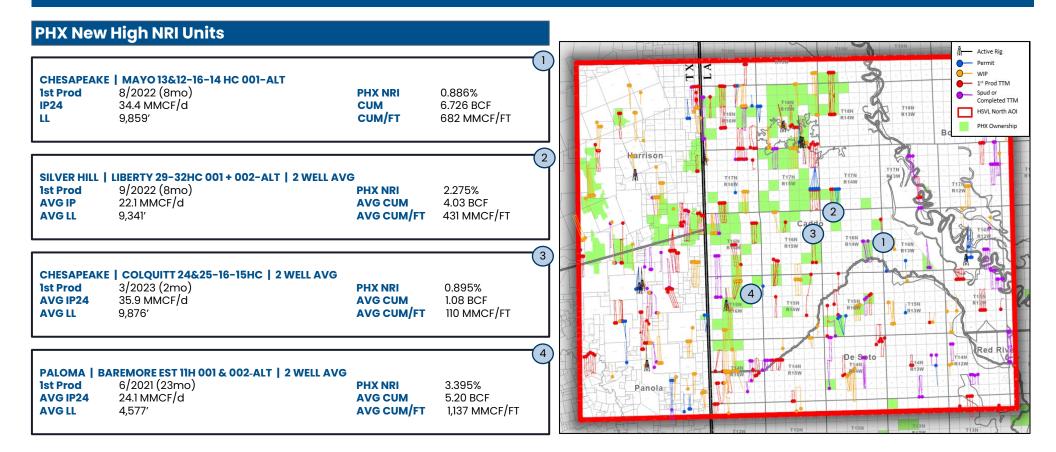


All acreage currently owned in the Haynesville and predominately all acreage currently owned in Springboard III area of interest was acquired under current management team's guidance



North Haynesville Update

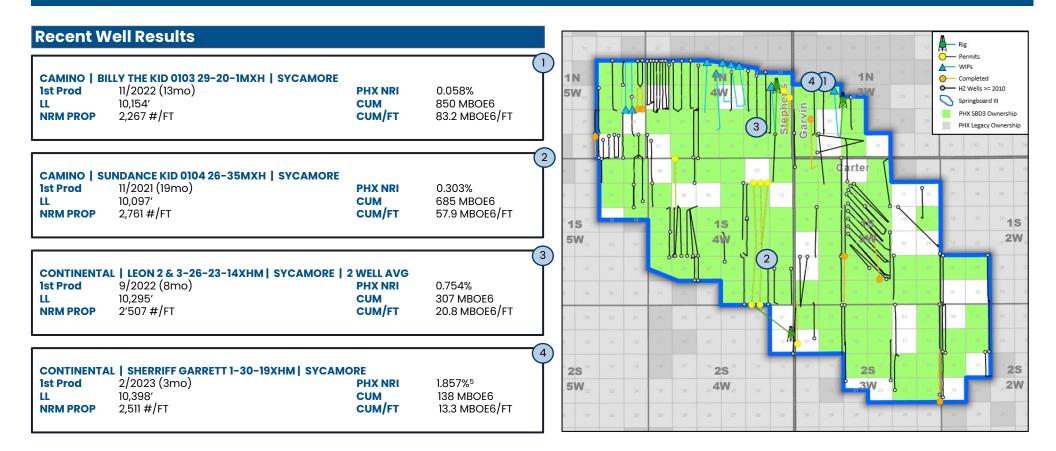
- Operators are drilling 3-5 wells per unit, and a positive indication of near term volumes and cashflows
- Since 2019, core development areas have been extended as new completion designs have lowered breakevens
- Key Operators: Aethon, Trinity, Chesapeake, Silverhill, Blue Dome and Paloma
- PHX North Haynesville Ownership¹: 5,347 NRA (total PHX Haynesville ownership 7,326 NRA)
- Gross Wells In Progress²: 58
- Gross Active Permits³: 8
- Gross Active Rigs⁴: 10





Springboard III Update

- Highest resource in-place per DSU in the midcontinent, co-developing the Mississippian Sycamore & Woodford Shale
- Operators starting to infill existing DSUs; Early results suggest very little to no Parent-Child degradation
- PHX Springboard III Ownership¹: 3,589 NRA
- Gross Wells In Progress²: 22
- Gross Active Permits³: 7
- Gross Active Rigs⁴: 3

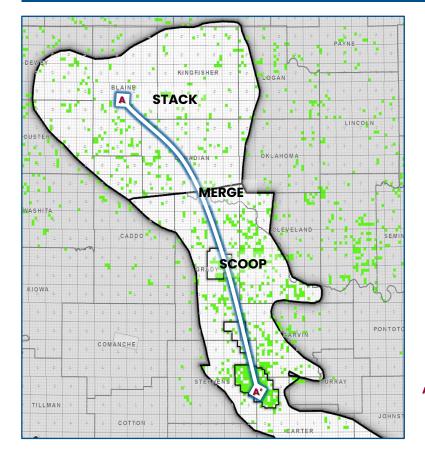


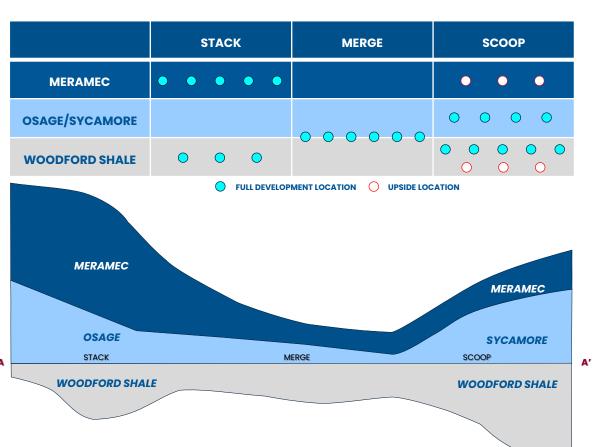


Source: Company info and Enverus 1 As of 06/30/2023 2 Wells in Progress includes wells currently being drilled and wells waiting on completion 3 Active natural gas and oil horizontal permits filed 4 Data from Enverus as of 07/10/2023 5 NRIs are internal estimates and are subject to confirmation from operator

STACK | MERGE | SCOOP

- The SCOOP is the premiere play in Oklahoma with the highest resource in-place and most horizontal objectives
- The transition between the SCOOP and STACK is the MERGE where the thickness prevents stacked development
- The primary target in the STACK is the Meramec
- All 3 regions are sourced by the Woodford and feature >1,350 btu gas and minimal produced water







Company Leadership

Management Team	Title	Years with Company	Experience
Chad Stephens	President, CEO and Board Director	5	 CEO for PHX since 2019 SVP -Corporate Development of Range Resources for 30 years until retiring in 2018 B.A. in Finance and Land Management from University of Texas
Ralph D'Amico	Senior Vice President, CFO	4	 CFO for PHX since 2020 20 years of investment banking experience Bachelor's in Finance from University of Maryland; MBA from George Washington University
Chad True	V.P. of Accounting	3	 >14 years of accounting experience Audit and accounting positions with Grant Thornton LP, Tiptop Oil & Gas and Wexford Capital LP B.S. and Masters in Accounting from Oklahoma State University
Danielle Mezo	V.P. of Engineering	3	 >13 years reservoir engineer experience Reservoir engineer, acquisitions, and corporate planning positions at SandRidge Energy B.S. in Petroleum Engineering from University of Oklahoma and licensed Professional Engineer
Carl Vandervoort	V.P. of Geology	3	 >16 years experience, recently managed a buy-side consulting company for private equity groups and portfolio companies Exploration Manager for Zenergy, Inc., an Apollo Management portfolio company B.S. in Chemistry from University of Texas; M.S. in Geophysics at University of Oklahoma
Kenna Clapp	V.P. of Land	3	 >13 years of land experience Various land positions with Chesapeake Energy in Haynesville, Eagleford, Mid-Continent and Barnett shales B.S. in Accounting and Finance from Oklahoma State University; JD from Oklahoma City University

Board of Directors	Title	Years with Company	Experience
Mark T. Behrman	Chairman	5	 CEO of LSB Industries, Inc. since 2018 Managing Director and Head of Investment Banking of the Industrial and Energy Practices of Sterne Agee from 2007 to 2014 MBA in Finance from Hofstra University and B.S. in Accounting, Minor in Finance from Binghamton University
Glen A. Brown	Director	2	 SVP - Exploration for Continental Resources from 2015 through 2017 Exploration manager for EOG Resources Midcontinent from 1991 through 2003 Bachelor's in Geology from State University of New York; Master's in Geology from New Mexico State University in Las Cruces
Lee M. Canaan	Director	7	 Founder and portfolio manager of Braeburn Capital Partners, LLC Board member for EQT Corporation and Aethon Energy, LLC Bachelor's in Geological Sciences from USC, Master's in Geophysics from UT-Austin, and MBA in Finance from Wharton
Peter B. Delaney	Director	4	 Principal with Tequesta Capital Partners since 2016 Chairman and CEO of OGE Energy Corporation from 2007 through 2015
Steven L. Packebush	Director	1	 Founder and partner in Elevar Partners, LLC President of Koch Ag & Energy Solutions upon his retirement in 2018 after 30 years with the company Bachelor's in agricultural economics from Kansas State
John H. Pinkerton	Director	2	 CEO of Range Resources Corporation from 1992 through 2012 Executive Chairman and Chairman of Board of Directors for Encino Energy from 2017 through 2022 B.A. in Business Administration from Texas Christian University; Master's from the University of Texas at Arlington



Analyst Coverage

Firm	Analyst	Contact			
Stifel Nicolaus Derrick Whitfield		whitfieldd@stifel.com			
Northland Securities Donovan Scho		dschafer@northlandcapitalmarkets.com			
Alliance Global Partners	Jeff Grampp	jgrampp@allianceg.com			
Seaport Global Securities	Nicholas Pope	npope@seaportrp.com			







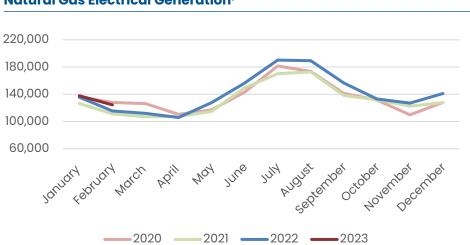
Current Hedge Position

	Gas Swa	aps		<u>e</u>	ìas	Collars			Total Gas Protection
	Volume	F	Price	Volume	F	Floor	C	eiling	Volume
3Q'23	570,000	\$	3.19	285,000	\$	3.39	\$	6.52	855,000
4Q'23	430,000	\$	3.31	225,000	\$	3.23	\$	5.47	655,000
2023	1,000,000	\$	3.24	510,000	\$	3.32	\$	6.05	1,510,000
1Q'24	-	\$	-	660,000	\$	3.92	\$	6.69	660,000
2Q'24	180,000	\$	3.18	365,000	\$	3.38	\$	4.43	545,000
3Q'24	450,000	\$	3.37	90,000	\$	3.00	\$	3.60	540,000
4Q'24	150,000	\$	3.37	270,000	\$	3.17	\$	5.17	420,000
2024	780,000	\$	3.33	1,385,000	\$	3.57	\$	5.60	2,165,000
1Q'25	-	\$	-	360,000	\$	3.19	\$	5.19	360,000
2Q'25	-	\$	-	90,000	\$	3.00	\$	5.00	90,000
2025		\$	_	450,000	Ś	3.15	Ś	5.15	450,000
		-							-
	Oil Swa				Dil	Collars			Total Oil Protection
	<u>Oil Swa</u> Volume	ps	Price					eiling	-
3Q'23		ps	Price 74.91	<u>(</u>		Collars			Total Oil Protection
	Volume	<u>ps</u> [\$		<u>(</u>	I	Collars	C		Total Oil Protection Volume
3Q'23	Volume 14,250	ps \$ \$	74.91	<u>(</u>	ا \$	C <mark>ollars</mark> Floor -	с \$	eiling -	Total Oil Protection Volume 14,250
3Q'23 4Q'23	Volume 14,250 15,000	105 \$ \$ \$	74.91 74.75	Volume - -	\$ \$	Collars Floor - -	c \$ \$	eiling - -	Total Oil Protection Volume 14,250 15,000
3Q'23 4Q'23 2023	Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250	105 \$ \$ \$	74.91 74.75 74.82	Volume - - -	\$ \$ \$	Collars Floor - -	¢ \$ \$	eiling - -	<u>Total Oil Protection</u> Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250
3Q'23 4Q'23 2023 1Q'24	Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 2,250	ps \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	74.91 74.75 74.82 71.75	Volume - - - 10,250	\$ \$ \$ \$	Collars Floor - - 63.97	C \$ \$ \$ \$	eiling - - - 76.24	Total Oil Protection Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 12,500
3Q'23 4Q'23 2023 1Q'24 2Q'24	Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 2,250 6,900	105 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	74.91 74.75 74.82 71.75 68.64	Volume - - 10,250 6,600	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Collars Floor - - 63.97 63.45	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	eiling - - 76.24 76.11	Total Oil Protection Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 12,500 13,500
3Q'23 4Q'23 2023 1Q'24 2Q'24 3Q'24	Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 2,250 6,900 3,000	1 <u>ps</u> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	74.91 74.75 74.82 71.75 68.64 66.10	Volume - - 10,250 6,600 4,950	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Collars Floor - - 63.97 63.45 65.00	C \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	eiling - - 76.24 76.11 76.50	Total Oil Protection Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 12,500 13,500 7,950
3Q'23 4Q'23 2023 1Q'24 2Q'24 3Q'24 4Q'24	Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 2,250 6,900 3,000 4,200	ps \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	74.91 74.75 74.82 71.75 68.64 66.10 65.11	Volume - - 10,250 6,600 4,950 1,650	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Collars Floor - - 63.97 63.45 65.00 65.00	C \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	eiling - - 76.24 76.11 76.50 76.50	Total Oil Protection Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 12,500 13,500 7,950 5,850
3Q'23 4Q'23 2023 1Q'24 2Q'24 3Q'24 4Q'24 2024	Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 2,250 6,900 3,000 4,200 16,350	ps \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	74.91 74.75 74.82 71.75 68.64 66.10 65.11 67.69	Volume - - 10,250 6,600 4,950 1,650	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Collars Floor - - 63.97 63.45 65.00 65.00	C \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	eiling - - 76.24 76.11 76.50 76.50	Total Oil Protection Volume 14,250 15,000 29,250 12,500 13,500 7,950 5,850 39,800

Mix of collars and swaps designed to provide upside exposure while protecting downside risk

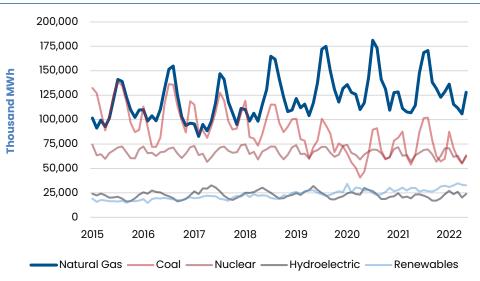


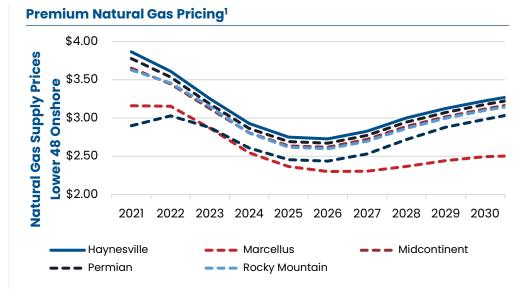
Natural Gas - Demand



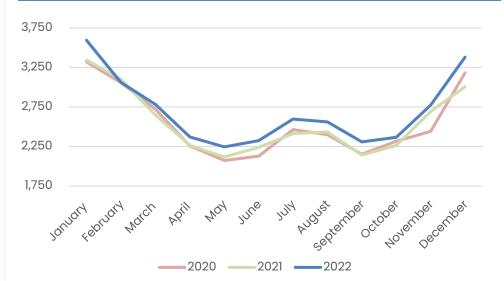
Natural Gas Electrical Generation¹







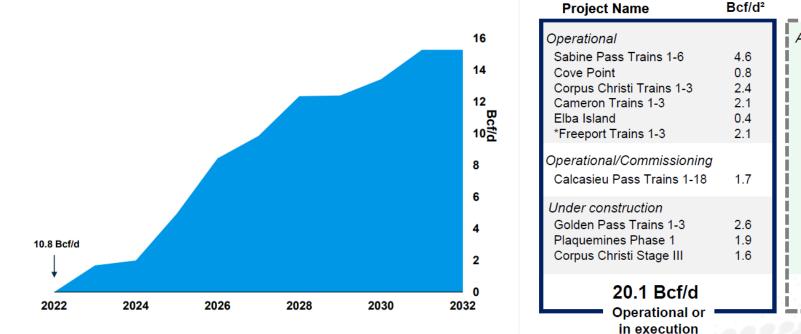
Natural Gas Consumption¹





Natural Gas – LNG

Forecasted U.S. Export Annual Volume Growth¹



Large Scale Approved Liquefaction Facilities ^{1,2}

f/d²	Project Name	Bcf/d²								
	Awaiting FID									
6	Cameron Train 4	1.4								
8	Delfin	1.8								
4 1	Driftwood	3.9								
4	Freeport Train 4	0.7								
.1	Gulf LNG	1.5								
	Lake Charles	2.3								
7	Magnolia	1.2								
	Plaquemines Phase 2	2.0								
6	Port Arthur Trains 1-2	1.9								
9	Rio Grande	3.6								
6	Texas LNG	0.6								
	20.8 Bcf/d Possible LNG export projects awaiting FID									

Surging LNG Demand

- Current LNG export capacity is fully committed
- Additional capacity of 6.1 Bcf/d is currently under construction and is expected to come online by 2025
- LNG provides producers the opportunity to supply gas to premium markets across the globe



Portfolio Overview by Basin

	Scoop	Haynesville	Bakken	Stack	Arkoma	Fayetteville	Other	Total
Production Mix © Oil © NGL © Gas	49% 20%	100%	22% 18% 60%	10% 62% 28%	6% 94%	100%	22% 61% 17%	11% 9% 80%
Net Production (MMcfe/d) ^{1,2}	2.80	12.34	1.61	3.16	1.30	1.50	2.62	25.32
Leased Net Royalty Acres ¹	9,132	7,326	3,995	6,830	9,939	8,395	46,303	91,920 ⁶
Permits on File ¹	30	21	13	11	5	_	6	86
Rigs Running on PHX Acreage ³	5	8	-	2	-	_	-	15
Rigs Running Within 2.5 miles of PHX Acreage ³	12	23	3	15	1	_	7	61
	Continental	Southwestern Energy®	4	devon	A BLACKBEARD	FLYWHEEL E N E R G Y	4 MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY	Continental
Top Operators	eogresources		ConocoPhillips	MarathonOil	alyx nergy III, uc			CHESAPEAKE ENERGY
	Citation	CHESAPEAKE ENERGY		Continental R E S O U R C E S		MERIT ENERGY		eogresources
	ENERGY	SilverHill	<u>GRAYSON MILL</u>		TRINITY OPERATING		BR	

PHAK

1 As of Quarter ended 06/30/2023 2 Includes both royalty and working interest production 3 Provided by Enverus as of 07/10/2023 4 As of 06/30/2023, as determined by wells currently being drilled, wells waiting on completion, and permits 5 As of 06/30/2023, as determined by wells on production 6 PHX also owns 167,228 unleased net royalty acres normalized to a 1/8th royalty

Definition of a Mineral Interest

Minerals

- Perpetual real-property interests that grant hydrocarbon ownership under a tract of land
- Surface and mineral ownership have been negotiated in most cases over the decades
- Surface owners cannot legally prevent the development of minerals under most circumstances
- Represent the right to drill, and produce hydrocarbon or lease that right to third parties for an upfront payment and a negotiated percentage of production revenues

2

ORRIs

- > Overriding royalty interests
- Royalty interests that burden the working interests of a lease
- Right to receive a fixed, cost-free percentage of production revenue (term limited to life of leasehold estate)

4

Illustrative Mineral Revenue Generation

3

Unleased Minerals

➢ 100% owned by PHX

PHX Issues a Lease

- PHX receives an upfront cash bonus payment and customarily a 20-25% royalty on production revenues
- In return, PHX delivers the right to explore and develop with the operator bearing 100% of costs for a specified lease term

Leased Minerals

Revenue Share

- ➢ PHX: 20−25%
- Operator: 75-80%

Cost Share

PHX: 0%
 Operator: 100%

Lease Termination

- Upon termination of a lease, all future development rights revert to PHX to explore or lease again
- Process starts again from step 1



Royalty Interests Versus Working Interests

PHX believes that royalty assets provide a higher risk adjusted return compared to working interest assets

	Illu	istrative Margin Comparise	on	
Working Inte	erest		Royalty	/
Mcfe Revenue	\$3.00		Mcfe Revenue	\$3.00
Less: Royalty Burden	(\$0.60)(1)	Royalty owner's volumes come from working	Less: LOE	-
Less: LOE	(\$1.00)	interest royalty burden	Less: Taxes	(\$0.15)
Less: Taxes	(\$0.15)		Less: Transportation	(\$0.20) ⁽²⁾
Less: Transportation	(\$0.25)	and a second	Cash Margin (\$)	\$2.65
Cash Margin (\$)	\$1.00		Cash Margin (%)	88.0%
Cash Margin (%)	33.0%			

- Non-operated Working interest ownership bears one hundred percent of the development and production costs associated with a hydrocarbon well.
- Non-operated Working interest owners receive their share of the revenue after the royalty interest owners are paid.



- A mineral interest is real property that entitles the owner to all the rights associated with hydrocarbons below the surface in perpetuity.
- A royalty interest is created from a mineral interest and entitles the owner to receive a certain percentage of the gross revenue generated from the sales of the hydrocarbons without incurring development and operating costs.

Royalty Interests Have Less Risk Than Working Interests

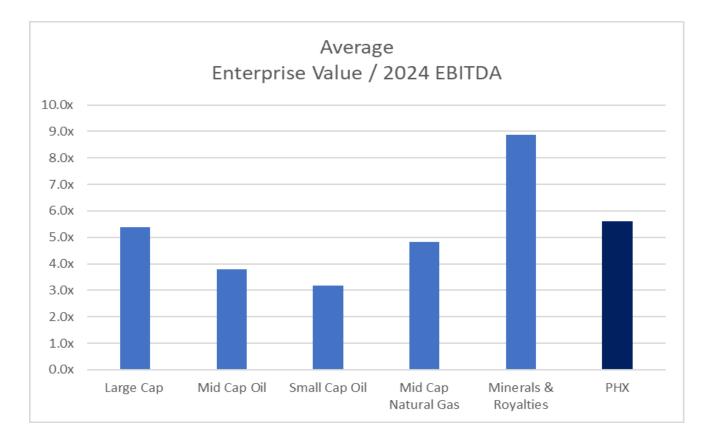
- Both royalties and non-operated working interest asset classes have the same exposure to pricing cycles, however,
- Royalty assets have fewer risks when compared to other hydrocarbon asset classes
 - The biggest risk associated with royalties is the lack of control over development timing
- Non-operated working interest assets have similar timing uncertainty as royalty owners
- Non-operated working interest assumes all cost to operate the well
 - Royalty owners are not subject to lease operating expenses, SG&A overhead or workover expenses





Royalty Interests Trade At Higher Multiples Than Working Interests

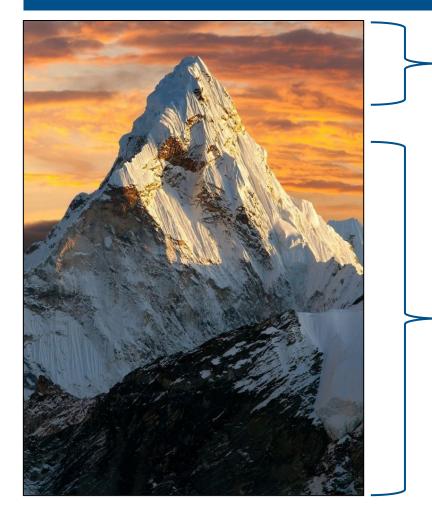
- Investors value working interest and royalty companies differently in the public markets
- Royalty companies trade at a premium to working interest companies primarily due to lower risk and lower capital intensity of the business
- Over time, PHX believes it should see an increase of its Enterprise Value / EBITDA ratio (adjusted for size) as the market recognizes the success of the royalties-only strategy





Minerals are Real Property

Mineral and royalty interests are generally considered by law to be real property interests and are thus afforded additional protections under bankruptcy law



Mineral Interest owner entitled to ~15-25% of production revenue based on royalty rate

Senior Secured Debt

Senior Debt

Subordinated Debt

Equity

Working Interest owner entitled to ~75-85% of production revenue based on royalty rate and bears 100% of development cost and lease operating expense



	Quarter ended													
(\$ in millions)	Mar.31, 2020	Jun.30, 2020	Sept.30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2020	Mar.31, 2021	Jun.30, 2021	Sept.30, 2021	Dec. 31, 2021	Mar.31, 2022	Jun.30, 2022	Sept.30, 2022	Dec. 31, 2022	Mar.31, 2023	Jun. 30, 2023
NetIncome	(\$20.5)	(\$3.6)	(\$1.8)	(\$0.6)	(\$0.5)	(\$1.4)	(\$3.8)	\$6.7	(\$4.0)	\$8.6	\$9.2	\$3.3	\$9.6	(\$0.0)
(+) Unrealized (Gains) Losses on Derivatives	(3.4)	2.5	2.4	0.9	2.1	4.5	(3.1)	(4.6)	11.8	(3.3)	(1.6)	(6.3)	(3.2)	0.9
(+) Income Tax Expense	(7.0)	(0.9)	(0.7)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.8)	0.5	0.8	0.0	1.0	2.4	1.0	3.1	(0.2)
(+) Impairment	29.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.0
(+) Cash Receipts from/Payments on Off-Market														
Derivatives	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	(2.7)	(2.5)	(1.3)	(1.1)	(0.9)	(0.4)	0.0
(-) Gains (Losses) on Asset Sales	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	(21)	2.3	0.7	3.6	0.9	4.4	0.0
Adjusted Pre-Tax Net Income	(\$1.3)	(\$1.5)	(\$0.8)	\$0.2	\$1.4	\$2.3	\$2.2	\$2.3	\$3.0	\$4.3	\$5.3	\$2.3	\$4.7	\$0.6

							Quar	ter ended						
(\$ in millions)	Mar.31, 2020	Jun.30, 2020	Sept.30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2020	Mar.31, 2021	Jun.30, 2021	Sept.30, 2021	Dec. 31, 2021	Mar.31, 2022	Jun.30, 2022	Sept.30, 2022	Dec. 31, 2022	Mar.31, 2023	Jun. 30, 2023
NetIncome	(\$20.5)	(\$3.6)	(\$1.8)	(\$0.6)	(\$0.5)	(\$1.4)	(\$3.8)	\$6.7	(\$4.0)	\$8.6	\$9.2	\$3.3	\$9.6	(\$0.0)
(+) Unrealized Gain on Derivatives	(3.4)	2.5	2.4	0.9	2.1	4.5	(3.1)	(4.6)	11.8	(3.3)	(1.6)	(6.3)	(3.2)	0.9
(+) Income Tax Expense	(7.0)	(0.9)	(0.7)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.8)	0.5	0.8	0.0	1.0	2.4	1.0	3.1	(0.2)
(+) Interest Expense	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5
(+) DD&A	3.4	2.5	2.5	2.3	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.6	2.1	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.2
(+) Impairment	29.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.0
(+) Cash Receipts from/Payments on Off-Market														
Derivatives	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	(2.7)	(2.5)	(1.3)	(1.1)	(0.9)	(0.4)	0.0
(+) Restricted Stock and Deferred Director's Exp	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.7
(-) Gains (Losses) on Asset Sales	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	(2.1)	2.3	0.7	3.6	0.9	4.4	0.0
Adjusted EBITDA	\$2.8	\$1.3	\$2.2	\$2.9	\$3.6	\$5.0	\$4.2	\$4.4	\$5.8	\$7.2	\$8.4	\$5.3	\$7.7	\$4.1
(-) Interest Expense	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5
Discretionary Cash Flow	\$2.4	\$1.1	\$1.9	\$2.6	\$3.3	\$4.8	\$4.0	\$4.2	\$5.6	\$6.9	\$7.9	\$4.7	\$7.1	\$3.6
Adjusted EBITDA	2.8	1.3	2.2	2.9	3.6	5.0	4.2	4.4	5.8	7.2	8.4	5.3	7.7	4.1
(-)DD&A	3.4	2.5	2.5	2.3	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.6	21	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.2
EBIT	(\$0.6)	(\$1.1)	(\$0.3)	\$0.7	\$1.8	\$2.9	\$2.7	\$2.8	\$3.7	\$5.2	\$6.9	\$3.5	\$5.9	\$1.9
Annualized EBIT	(\$2.4)	(\$4.5)	(\$1.3)	\$2.6	\$7.2	\$11.5	\$10.8	\$11.3	\$14.8	\$20.8	\$27.5	\$14.0	\$23.4	\$7.5
Starting Debt	35.0	32.0	30.0	28.8	27.0	23.5	19.9	17.5	20.0	24.0	28.3	28.3	33.3	26.0
Ending Debt	32.0	30.0	28.8	27.0	23.5	19.9	17.5	20.0	24.0	28.3	28.3	33.3	26.0	23.8
Average Debt	\$33.5	\$31.0	\$29.4	\$27.9	\$25.3	\$21.7	\$18.7	\$18.8	\$22.0	\$26.2	\$28.3	\$30.8	\$29.7	\$24.9
Starting Shareholders Equity	80.1	60.5	56.5	63.0	62.3	61.7	75.3	78.7	88.3	84.7	98.0	107.8	110.1	120.2
Ending Shareholders Equity	60.5	56.5	63.0	62.3	61.7	75.3	78.7	88.3	84.7	98.0	107.8	107.8	120.2	120.2
Average Shareholders Equity	\$70.3	\$58.5	\$59.7	\$62.7	\$62.0	\$68.5	\$77.0	\$83.5	\$86.5	\$91.4	\$102.9	\$108.9	\$115.2	\$120.1
Total Capital	\$103.8	\$89.5	\$89.1	\$90.5	\$87.3	\$90.2	\$95.7	\$102.3	\$108.5	\$117.5	\$131.2	\$139.7	\$144.8	\$145.0
ROCE	-2%	-6%			\$67.3	13%	\$95.7 11%		14%	18%			16%	5%
RUGE	-270	-0%	-2%	3%	070	13%	1170	12%	1470	10%	22%	10%	10%	0%



							TTN	lended						
	Mar.31, 2020	Jun.30, 2020	Sept.30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2020	Mar.31, 2021	Jun.30, 2021	Sept.30, 2021	Dec. 31, 2021	Mar.31, 2022	Jun.30, 2022	Sept.30, 2022	Dec. 31, 2022	Mar.31, 2023	Jun. 30, 2023
NetIncome	(\$70.1)	(\$78.3)	(\$24.0)	(\$26.4)	(\$6.5)	(\$4.3)	(\$6.2)	\$1.1	(\$2.5)	\$7.5	\$20.4	\$17.1	\$30.6	\$22.0
(+) Unrealized (Gains) Losses on Derivatives	(3.4)	1.0	3.2	2.3	7.8	9.8	4.3	(1.1)	8.6	0.8	2.3	0.6	(14.4)	(10.2)
(+) Income Tax Expense	(23.7)	(25.8)	(8.3)	(8.6)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(0.7)	0.2	0.4	2.2	4.2	4.4	7.5	6.3
(+) Interest Expense	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.2
(+) DD&A	17.1	15.2	11.3	10.6	9.0	8.7	7.7	7.1	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.3	7.5
(+) Impairment	106.4	106.7	29.9	29.9	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	6.1	6.1	6.1
(+) Cash Receipts from/Payments on Off-Market														
Derivatives	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	6.1	3.6	2.3	(7.5)	(5.7)	(3.6)	(2.3)
(+) Restricted Stock and Deferred Director's Exp	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.9
(-) Gains (Losses) on Asset Sales	12.9	8.9	4.0	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.3	(1.8)	0.5	1.1	4.4	7.5	9.6	8.9
Adjusted EBITDA TTM	\$16.2	\$12.4	\$10.5	\$9.2	\$10.0	\$13.7	\$15.7	\$17.2	\$19.5	\$21.6	\$25.8	\$26.7	\$28.7	\$25.6
Total Debt	32.0	30.0	28.8	27.0	23.5	19.9	17.5	20.0	24.0	28.3	28.3	33.3	26.0	23.8
Debt / Adjusted EBITDA TTM	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.9	2.3	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.2	0.9	0.9

	Quarter ended													
(\$ in millions)	Mar.31, 2020	Jun.30, 2020	Sept.30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2020	Mar.31, 2021	Jun.30, 2021	Sept.30, 2021	Dec. 31, 2021	Mar.31, 2022	Jun.30, 2022	Sept.30, 2022	Dec. 31, 2022	Mar.31, 2023	Jun. 30, 2023
Borrowing Base	45.0	32.0	31.0	30.0	29.4	28.5	27.5	32.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	45.0
Debt	32.0	30.0	28.8	27.0	23.5	19.9	17.5	20.0	24.0	28.3	28.3	33.3	26.0	23.8
Borrowing Availabilty	\$13.0	\$2.0	\$2.3	\$3.0	\$5.9	\$8.6	\$10.0	\$12.0	\$26.0	\$21.7	\$21.7	\$16.7	\$24.0	\$21.3
Current Assets	12.1	8.2	17.8	10.0	9.2	10.9	12.2	10.9	12.3	18.4	17.9	19.9	12.3	9.5
(-) Current Derivative Assets	4.2	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.4
Current Liabilites	(2.1)	(4.2)	(4.5)	(3.1)	(5.2)	(9.4)	(15.1)	(9.7)	(17.3)	(12.4)	(11.3)	(6.8)	(2.4)	(1.8)
(-) Current Derivative Liabilities	0.0	0.0	(0.3)	(1.2)	(3.0)	(6.8)	(12.1)	(6.4)	(14.8)	(10.2)	(7.9)	(1.5)	0.0	0.0
Working Capital	\$5.8	\$2.1	\$13.7	\$8.0	\$7.0	\$8.3	\$9.2	\$7.6	\$9.8	\$16.2	\$14.5	\$14.6	\$7.8	\$6.3
Liquidity	\$18.8	\$4.1	\$15.9	\$11.0	\$12.9	\$16.9	\$19.2	\$19.6	\$35.8	\$37.9	\$36.2	\$31.3	\$31.8	\$27.5



				Fiscal Year Ended			
(\$ in millions)	Sept. 30, 2016	Sept. 30, 2017	Sept. 30, 2018	Sept. 30, 2019	Sept. 30, 2020	Sept. 30, 2021	Dec. 31, 2022
NetIncome	(\$10.3)	\$3.5	\$14.6	(\$40.7)	(\$24.0)	(\$6.2)	\$17.1
(+) Unrealized Gain on Derivatives	4.6	(0.9)	3.9	(5.9)	3.2	4.3	0.6
(+) Income Tax Expense	(7.7)	0.7	(12.7)	(13.5)	(8.3)	(0.7)	4.4
+) Interest Expense	1.3	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.3	1.0	1.6
(+) DD&A	24.5	18.4	18.4	18.2	11.3	7.7	7.5
+) Impairment	12.0	0.7	0.0	76.8	29.9	0.1	6.1
+) Cash Receipts from/Payments on Off-Market Derivatives	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	(5.7)
(+) Restricted Stock and Deferred Director's Exp	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.6
-) Gains (Losses) on Asset Sales	2.7	(0.1)	(0.7)	18.7	4.0	0.3	7.5
Adjusted EBITDA	\$22.9	\$24.7	\$27.6	\$19.2	\$10.5	\$15.7	\$26.7
-) DD&A	24.5	18.4	18.4	18.2	11.3	7.7	7.5
BIT	(\$1.6)	\$6.3	\$9.2	\$1.0	(\$0.8)	\$8.0	\$19.2
Starting Debt	65.0	44.5	52.2	51.0	35.4	28.8	20.0
inding Debt	44.5	52.2	51.0	35.4	28.8	17.5	33.3
Average Debt	\$54.8	\$48.4	\$51.6	\$43.2	\$32.1	\$23.1	\$26.7
tarting Shareholders' Equity	127.0	115.2	116.7	128.8	79.3	63.0	88.3
inding Shareholders' Equity	115.2	116.7	128.8	79.3	63.0	78.7	110.1
Verage Shareholders' Equity	\$121.1	\$115.9	\$122.7	\$104.0	\$71.2	\$70.9	\$99.2
'otal Capital	\$175.8	\$164.3	\$174.3	\$147.2	\$103.2	\$94.0	\$125.9
ROCE	-1%	4%	5%	1%	-1%	9%	15%



			Year ended		
(\$ in millions)	Dec. 31, 2018	Dec. 31, 2019	Dec. 31, 2020	Dec. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2022
NetIncome	\$13.6	(\$51.6)	(\$26.4)	\$1.1	\$17.1
(+) Unrealized Gain on Derivatives	(3.1)	2.0	2.3	(1.1)	0.6
(+) Income Tax Expense	3.5	(16.8)	(8.6)	0.2	4.4
(+) Interest Expense	1.9	1.8	1.2	0.9	1.6
(+) DD&A	16.9	17.3	10.6	7.1	7.5
(+) Impairment	0.0	76.8	29.9	0.1	6.1
(+) Cash Receipts from/Payments on Off-Market Derivatives	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	(5.7)
(+) Restricted Stock and Deferred Director's Exp	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.2	2.6
(-) Gains (Losses) on Asset Sales	8.7	12.9	0.7	(1.8)	7.5
Adjusted EBITDA	\$25.0	\$17.6	\$9.2	\$17.4	\$26.7
(-) Interest Expense	1.9	1.8	1.2	0.9	1.6
Discretionary Cash Flow	\$23.1	\$15.8	\$8.0	\$16.5	\$25.1

	Quarter Ended									
(\$ in millions)	Jun. 30, 2022	Sept. 30, 2022	Dec. 31, 2022	Mar. 31, 2023	June 30, 2023					
General and administrative	2.9	3.8	3.1	3.0	3.2					
(-) Restricted stock and deferred director's expense	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.7					
Cash general and administrative	\$2.3	\$2.7	\$2.6	\$2.3	\$2.5					
Gain/(loss) on Derivatives	(\$2.4)	(\$4.3)	\$3.3	\$3.8	\$0.2					
(-) Unrealized gain/(loss) on derivatives	3.3	1.6	6.3	3.2	(0.9)					
(+) Off-market derivative settlements	(1.3)	(1.1)	(0.9)	(0.4)	0.0					
Total derivative settlements	(\$7.0)	(\$7.0)	(\$3.8)	\$0.3	\$1.0					

